

# ANSWER KEY

## PREDICTING PRODUCTS OF CHEMICAL REACTIONS

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Predict the products of the reactions below. Then, write the balanced equation and classify the reaction.

1. magnesium bromide + chlorine	anionic single replacement
MgBr <sub>2</sub> + Cl <sub>2</sub> → MgCl <sub>2</sub> + Br <sub>2</sub>	
2. aluminum + iron (III) oxide	cationic single replacement
Al + Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> → Fe + Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
3. silver nitrate + zinc chloride	double replacement
2AgNO <sub>3</sub> + ZnCl <sub>2</sub> → 2AgCl + Zn(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	
4. hydrogen peroxide (catalyzed by manganese dioxide)	decomposition
2H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> $\xrightarrow{\text{MnO}_2}$ 2H <sub>2</sub> O + O <sub>2</sub>	
5. zinc + hydrochloric acid	cationic single replacement
Zn + 2HCl → ZnCl <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub>	
6. sulfuric acid + sodium hydroxide	double replacement (neutralization)
H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> + 2NaOH → Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> + 2H <sub>2</sub> O	
7. sodium + hydrogen	Synthesis
2Na + H <sub>2</sub> → 2NaH	
8. acetic acid + copper (or Hg <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> )	cationic single replacement
CH <sub>3</sub> COOH + Cu → no reaction	

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## WORD EQUATIONS

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Write the word equations below as chemical equations and balance.

1. zinc + lead (II) nitrate yield zinc nitrate + lead
Zn + Pb(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> → Zn(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> + Pb
2. aluminum bromide + chlorine yield aluminum chloride + bromine
2AlBr <sub>3</sub> + 3Cl <sub>2</sub> → 2AlCl <sub>3</sub> + 3Br <sub>2</sub>
3. sodium phosphate + calcium chloride yield calcium phosphate + sodium chloride
2Na <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> + 3CaCl <sub>2</sub> → Ca <sub>3</sub> (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> + 6NaCl
4. potassium chlorate when heated yields potassium chloride + oxygen gas
2KClO <sub>3</sub> → 2KCl + 3O <sub>2</sub> (g)
5. aluminum + hydrochloric acid yield aluminum chloride + hydrogen gas
2Al + 6HCl → 2AlCl <sub>3</sub> + 3H <sub>2</sub> (g)
6. calcium hydroxide + phosphoric acid yield calcium phosphate + water
3Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub> + 2H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> → Ca <sub>3</sub> (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> + 6H <sub>2</sub> O
7. copper + sulfuric acid yield copper (II) sulfate + water + sulfur dioxide
Cu + 2H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> → CuSO <sub>4</sub> + 2H <sub>2</sub> O + SO <sub>2</sub>
8. hydrogen + nitrogen monoxide yield water + nitrogen
2H <sub>2</sub> + 2NO → 2H <sub>2</sub> O + N <sub>2</sub>

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## BALANCING CHEMICAL EQUATIONS

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Rewrite and balance the equations below.

1. N <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> → NH <sub>3</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> + 3H <sub>2</sub> → 2NH <sub>3</sub>
2. KClO <sub>3</sub> → KCl + O <sub>2</sub>	2KClO <sub>3</sub> → 2KCl + 3O <sub>2</sub>
3. NaCl + F <sub>2</sub> → NaF + Cl <sub>2</sub>	2NaCl + F <sub>2</sub> → 2NaF + Cl <sub>2</sub>
4. H <sub>2</sub> + O <sub>2</sub> → H <sub>2</sub> O	2H <sub>2</sub> + O <sub>2</sub> → 2H <sub>2</sub> O
5. AgNO <sub>3</sub> + MgCl <sub>2</sub> → 2AgCl + Mg(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	2AgNO <sub>3</sub> + MgCl <sub>2</sub> → 2AgCl + Mg(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
6. AlBr <sub>3</sub> + K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> → 2KBr + Al <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	2AlBr <sub>3</sub> + 3K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> → 6KBr + Al <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
7. CH <sub>4</sub> + O <sub>2</sub> → CO <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O	CH <sub>4</sub> + 2O <sub>2</sub> → CO <sub>2</sub> + 2H <sub>2</sub> O
8. C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> + O <sub>2</sub> → CO <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O	2C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> + 5O <sub>2</sub> → 4CO <sub>2</sub> + 6H <sub>2</sub> O
9. C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> + O <sub>2</sub> → CO <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O	2C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> + 7O <sub>2</sub> → 4CO <sub>2</sub> + 6H <sub>2</sub> O
10. FeCl <sub>3</sub> + 3NaOH → Fe(OH) <sub>3</sub> + 3NaCl	FeCl <sub>3</sub> + 3NaOH → Fe(OH) <sub>3</sub> + 3NaCl
11. P + O <sub>2</sub> → P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	4P + 5O <sub>2</sub> → 2P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
12. Na + H <sub>2</sub> O → NaOH + H <sub>2</sub>	2Na + 2H <sub>2</sub> O → 2NaOH + H <sub>2</sub>
13. Ag <sub>2</sub> O → Ag + O <sub>2</sub>	2Ag <sub>2</sub> O → 4Ag + O <sub>2</sub>
14. S + O <sub>2</sub> → SO <sub>2</sub>	S + O <sub>2</sub> → SO <sub>2</sub>
15. CO <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O → C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>6</sub> + O <sub>2</sub>	6CO <sub>2</sub> + 6H <sub>2</sub> O → C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>6</sub> + 6O <sub>2</sub>
16. K + MgBr <sub>2</sub> → 2K + MgBr <sub>2</sub> → 2KBr + Mg	2K + MgBr <sub>2</sub> → 2KBr + Mg
17. HCl + CaCO <sub>3</sub> → CaCl <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O + CO <sub>2</sub>	2HCl + CaCO <sub>3</sub> → CaCl <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O + CO <sub>2</sub>

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## CLASSIFICATION OF CHEMICAL REACTIONS

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Classify the reactions below as synthesis, decomposition, single replacement (cationic or anionic) or double replacement.

1. 2H <sub>2</sub> + O <sub>2</sub> → 2H <sub>2</sub> O	synthesis
2. 2H <sub>2</sub> O → 2H <sub>2</sub> + O <sub>2</sub>	decomposition
3. Zn + H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> → ZnSO <sub>4</sub> + H <sub>2</sub>	cationic single replacement
4. 2CO + O <sub>2</sub> → 2CO <sub>2</sub>	synthesis
5. 2HgO → 2Hg + O <sub>2</sub>	decomposition
6. 2KBr + Cl <sub>2</sub> → 2KCl + Br <sub>2</sub>	anionic single replacement
7. CaO + H <sub>2</sub> O → Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub>	synthesis
8. AgNO <sub>3</sub> + NaCl → AgCl + NaNO <sub>3</sub>	double replacement
9. 2H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> → 2H <sub>2</sub> O + O <sub>2</sub>	decomposition
10. Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> → CaSO <sub>4</sub> + 2H <sub>2</sub> O	double replacement

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